FUTURES OF MEXICAN ORGANIZATIONS AND WORKLIFE

INTRODUCTION

Digital technologies offer organizations opportunities to provide non-traditional value propositions and restructure how they operate. Many enterprises in LATAM have been resistant to incorporate these technologies or are still unsure if they should start to change their infrastructure, way of work, and culture despite the current landscape.

The current labor landscape leads to an extensive and hyperfast change for the whole ecosystem from big enterprises, SMEs, micro-businesses, and people trying to make a living. To confront these changes, new players are emerging, most of them importing solutions from more mature markets. But neither the infrastructure, the economy, labor market and organizations are alike in Mexico, as in those mature markets that we are trying to emulate. The challenges are accurate, and the need to be efficient, agile, and resilient legent to be more competitive and/or to solve social issues, but is trying to emulate more mature markets the best way for the LATAM organizations?

GOALS

To map the **futures of labor, and organizat** horizon I consider is **2060** due to the time it

- 1. Identification of probable and plausible cl considered in the project: Retail, Banking
- 2. Identification of emerging models and ac
- 3. Assessment of good practices, execution

METHODOLOGY FRAMING

The Peter Bishop, Andy Hines and Terry Collins generic approach to a comprehensive foresight project (2007), was followed as a guide for this project. In each phase of the process different techniques and methods were used:

SCANNING FORECASTING

Environmental scanning was developed using Ethnographic Futures Research (EFR): Intervews. Textor, R. B. (1980); Stakeholder Analysis. Acke mann, F., & Eden, C. (2011); and System's Mapping. Meadfdows, D. (2008).

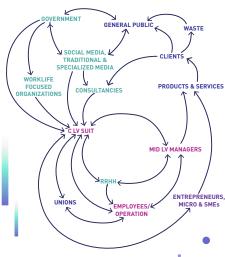
Emerging Issue Analysis was developed using Fringe Mapping. Webb, A. (2018). EFR Intervews input was also used in this stage.

Horizon'scanning was obteainded extrapolating the drive ted version of the Holistic Futures Wheel Snyder, David P rizons framework. Sharpe, B., Hodgson, A., Leicester, G.,

THE SYSTEM'S INFLUENCE MAP

As a result of the environmental analysis, the system of influence on corporate transformational decisions was identified. Although the weight of each actant varies in each organization, it can help to identify change in a larger context.

→ Influence direction.



SCENARIOS

As a result of the environmental and horizons analysis, patterns of change were identified and translated into 5 variables (drivers), for the development of the FAR scenarios:

SOCIO-POLITICAL CONTEXT	KONDRATIEFF LONG WAVE	INDUSTRY COMPETITIVITY	DEMAND	SOCIAL VALUES AND LIFESTYLE
(C1) TENSIÓN + CIVIL CHAOS	(01) STABLE + FAVORABLE	(CO1) MONOPOLY	(P1) OPENNESS + EMPOWERED	(V1) TRADITIONAL
(C2) UNCONFORMITY + IMPOTENCY	(02) UNSTABLE + GROWING	(CO2) PERFECT OMPETITION	(P2) OPENNESS + IMPOTENT	(V2) MATERIALIST
(C3) TENSIÓN + CIVIL ORGANIZATION	(03) STABLE + RECESIÓN	(CO3) FREE MARKET + INCENTIVES	(P3) TRADITIONAL + IMPOTENT	(V3) POSTMATERIALIST
(C4) OPTIMIST +	(04) UNSTABLE	(CO4) MARKET		

Scenario's years were in line with some beginning of presidential six-year terms in order to be able to identify how changes in the landscape could impact organizations. To prevent a sufficient range of threats and opportunities in the social and competitive context. In the next 38 years.

The scenarios were modeled after the general economic growth pattern, from the Kondratieff's long wave theory. Two main narrative flows were proposed, an "Ideal" and a "Least Desired".

	YEAR	ICON	CONTEXT	ACRONYM	NAME OF THE SCENARIO
	2022	0	Current	C203C04P2V2	IMPROVISED TRANSFORMATION
	2030		Less Desired	C104C02P3V2	COMPETITIVE STAGNATION
			Ideal	C202C04P2V2	SYSTEMIC TRANSFORMATION
	2042	Δ	Less Desired	C203C01P3V1	NEW MONOPOLIES
			Ideal	C301C03P1V2	INNOVATION & GROWTH
	2060		Less Desired	C203C01P3V1	DISCIPLINED GROWTH
200	2000		Ideal	C401C03P1V3	DEEP CHANGE

ORGANIZATIONS TRENDS

- T1. Levels of de/inflation and and structural change rate
 12. Foreign investment in Mexican start-ups
 13. Rooting and growth of the wealth distribution gap
 14. Regulatory changes in Afores and the culture of saving for retirement
 15. Tension generated by the prohibition of outsourcing and the promotion of psychosocial well-being coexisting with the search for organizational profitability, and high levels of unemployment
 16. Emergence of digital platforms that enable liquid organizations
 17. The educational average of the country labout 10 years
 18. Lack of an ecosystem and incentives that promote environmentally friendly or regenerative ventures
 19. Lack of resources and access of most populations to digital skills and tools, especially in non-urban areas

- tools, especially in non-urban areas

 110. Government inefficiency in addressing emerging issues

 111. Tendency of most SMEs and micro-businesses to not appropriate new
 technologies and operate with old models and value propositions

 112. Possibility to hide unethical working contidions and practices

 113. Increase in entrepreneurship and organizational activities focused on
 generating positive environmental impacts

 114. Industries digitation rate

- 114. Rate of appearance of unicorns and disruption in various industries 116. Risk of starting a business, high percentage of failure for SMEs 117. Informal sector's jobs and weight of the in the Mexican economy

- T18. Complaint and abuse and irregularities in the formal economy
 T19. Emergence of solutions to "transform" organizations and "prepare"
 individuals for the digital economy, generate confusion and mistrust
 T20. Social division in the search for order and traditional values, versus
 the rupture of the pre-established, and social transformation
 T21. The microtask and gig palaforms are aligned with the context of the
 needs of the bulk of the population, favoring the growth of these
 work schemes with precarious labor
 T22. The denial of risk and danger, which precedes the fall; becomes
 everyday for many organizations and industries

WORKLIFE TRENDS

- WT1. **Organizational control** and surveillance over employees WT2. Readjustment in the **demand for professions** and movements of
- wealth among social groups WT3. A highly **competitive** working market, **demanding** jobs that **requires** lifelong education (up/re skilling); could lead to **augmentation**,
- burn out and exahaustion
 WT4. Most of companies in México operate between Management 1.0
 and 2.0, which discourages employee's expectations and generates
- mistrust and disloyalty
 WT5. Individuals use passive resistance, apparent cooperation, rule
 appropriation or migration to maintain their mental health

URGENT FUTURES

- Because of remote jobs, mapractice in the future
 Probable survival of technology.
- Protrates
 organizations
 Growth of informal econom
 ded from the formal econom
 A senior population with he
 retirin age in the infofmal/g
 Emerging organizations wi
 environmental and labor re

- 5. Little ying u galantaotrs we environmental and labor re
 6. The increase in liquid orga social change and uncertal rothers more fluid and were
 8. An adverse environment coment, or collaboration and
 9. The consequences of clima could focus only on immedi
 10. Although the content offer generate diverse and unco
 11. Informal and fluid or graniure to perform at their be
 12. The reaction of disadvantament in the socially accept.

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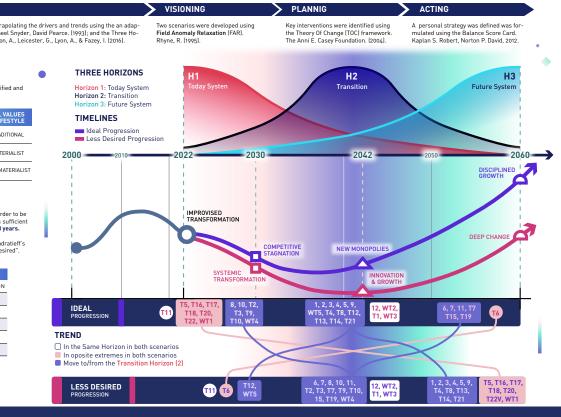
abor, and organizational existential challenges for the goods and services industry in CDMX. The time 60 due to the time it takes for organizations to properly manage change.

ect: Retail, Banking, Insurance, Tech, Market Research & Innovation consultancies.

ging models and actions organizations take to anticipate and manage the change in the Mexican context. **practices**, execution errors, effectiveness and impacts on the members of the organizations in light of

VISION

In order to develop more responsible and sustainable economy in Mexico, we need strong and more adaptable organizations. In order to have a more healthy work life balance, and worthy old age for most Mexicans we need deep changes in how we up and re skill, and manage our learning as we grow through our work life as individuals and as communities.



NT FUTURES

e of remote jobs, many **individuals are hired in other countries** and it could be a **common** in the future is survival of **technologically backward regions** that consume and make up traditional

of informal economy, the criminal economy and other sources of income for those exclu-

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r population with health problems, without a pension, will have to work way after the
use in the infofmal/gig economy
ng organizations with unregulated operations or proposals tend to take advantage of
mental and labor regulatory gaps
rease in liquid organizations dicecentralized, informal and operate by objectives), favor
hange and uncertainty
societies and markets could be built on a few solid blocks (traditional organizations), and
more fluid and ever-changing social structures
rise environment could help revive traditional abusive practices and ideas in manager collaboration and openness.

rise environment court next error administration could be recluded in a collaboration and openness sequences of climate change will be tangible however, the majority of the population use only on immediate problems, while some groups could capitalize on these crises ghis the content offer is making it more confusing to know where to focus, this could te diverse and unconventional professionals and increase the educational level from new tel user be and uncolventionary priors sometisms and uncease the educations test of more and fliquid organizations that live on voluntary contributions might generate the press-perform at their best all the time for their members action of disadvantaged groups who have no possibility of achieving economic improve-n the socially accepted ways, can lead them to break the law

STRATEGIES

In order to improve in the long term the generation of organizations that generate jobs, learning, economic and social development in Mexico. I propose the generation of a Lab like consultancy with

Promote the appropriation of new tools, organizational and technological models in individuals
and communities that help them integrate and strengthen organizations and/or that can serve as a
basis to create their own for-profit or non-profit organizations.

2. Enable the transition of organizations to models that are more innovative, responsible and adap-

Advise and accompany emerging organizations to increase their sustainability and success in their missions.

Through the following **initiatives:** A. Generate **content focused on individuals and organizations,** to help them understand the current

B. Offer consulting services to guide the process of organizational transformation.

C. **Generate** and promote **tools that help individuals to be competitive** in the labor market and/or as entrepreneurs.

D. Support entrepreneurs through the refinement of their Value Proposition



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